W.R. P. LYON, Editor and Proprietor. CHAS. M. DAVIS, Associate Editor.

OUR PUBLICATION OFFICE is next door the Post OFFICE in Bloomfield

### WHAT IS THE PROPER WORK OF PUBLIC SCHOOLS !

The education provided by the state is of a fundamental character; and this is all that can, for some years at least be expec ted from it.

more is wanted; and it has been wisely left higher institution is needed.

It must be remembered that these subdivisions of territory differ greatly from each In this country we hav the two extremes monster. of a wealthy city, with more than 100,000 inhabitants, on the one hand, and a poor country district with 50 children, on the from the state to employ a teacher the requisite nine months; this deficency (formet by the district, or the state appropria- pidity or in some sinister design. tion will be forfeited. Of course, there is no thought of higher education in such a ments to invite and encourage the introplace. But the city sustains a High duction of foreign capital. Our country Sobool of a high order, at its own expense, is indebted to foreign capital, as well as to and offers this privilege to all the children emigrant labor, for the development of its who will fit themselves for it.

The debatable ground lies between these transportation facilities. two extremes,-in such places as Orange, East Orange, Bloomfield, Montclair, Belle ville and Irvington; shall they have High stances comes from without. This leaves School departments in their large graded home earnings and net profits to be also schools? or shall they stop with the common school branches, and leave the next erty or in adding to the conveniences and to private enterprise? This is a practical comforts of home. There is hardly a question; and we answer without besita stock of merchandise, or the machinery ren an education limited only by their in many cases not the buildings themability.

As a township investment it will be profitable. It is not necessary to repeat the well known argument that intelligence to repel outsiders who should propose to and good morals are a "great gain" to a build houses, establish factories, or stores, community. Of the places aboved named the most prosperous are those where the here! Depend upon it whoever objects to best schools exhist. They attract the best families to settle near them ; they elevate the character of the people, and they increase the value of property.

A High School department, can be supthan by private enterprise. The building already exists : the system is organized : a principal is already provided; the children have been prepared for promotion, and the chief expense will be a few hundred dollars for furniture, and about \$1,000 yearly for an assistant.

Another strong argument for this de partment is its influence on the rest of the school. The vonnger scholars constantly see an example of higher scholarship, exciting their ambition, and leading them to strive for early promotion. If there is any meaning in the word excelsior, we find it

The tax payer in these "hard times" may give an intellectual answer to these arguments, but still feel opposed to paying an "unnecessary" tax : and with justice too. Economy should be practiced in schools as well as in families; and in these days teachers should be willing to bear their share of retrenchment.

When prosperity comes again, they will find school officers and citizens willing as ever to deal liberally with them.

If teachers are wise and faithful there will be no danger of "spoiling" children and unfitting them for the hard reclitics of life. One prominent feature of all education must be, to teach that life in cornest. that hard work is a duty, and absolutely essential to success; that any field of labor is honorable : and that the honor lies in acting well ones part, whether in a high or low position. Higher education than formerly is demanded everywhere in the common school, the high school, the academy. the college, the university, the world And good citizens must see that it is provided.

# THE BROOKLYN SCANDAL.

We have purposely refrained from mak ing any remarks upon the Tilton bill of indictment against Brooklyn's most distinguished clergyman, while it was in process of being investigated by an intelligent and

After weeks spent in examining many witnesses and considering various offered testimony the work of the committee culminated in hearing an elaborate statement of the Brooklyn pastor and was brought grace, to a close. Though the committee have not yet rendered their report, we feel free to make our brief comments.

Had Mr. Beecher made his statement earlier we think a great amount of scandal would have been avoided, and the cause of religion been spared some of its sever at wounds arising from the weakness and vacillation of many of its friends. But gretted to learn that the New York busisent this strong and convincing defence until other witnesses, had been examined. Nor which late revulsions in the copper business given it that full credence that they now gentlemen have evinced more generous imuniversally accord to it.

intention and his integrity of conduct. He were acquainted with his upright and has, we must admit, evinced some incongruities of character that we should not nature, the fervor of his sympathy, the hall have the precedence next week.

also at the timidity be evinced in not peremptorily and boldly resenting in the beginning, the insulting indignities and most during outrages which his accuser so long inflicted with impunity. Of course Mr. Beecher did not see through the selfishness cupidity and artifices of that man. Nei ther did be understand the true nature and antagonism, and the possible treachery of At 9 P. M. 73° 69° 65° 64° 62° 72° 66° erally large, the "mutual friend." But his eyes have at length been opened and all his Christian manliness aroused. All Brooklyn like

We shall not be surprised if an indignant community rally to his rescue and support, with a desire to mete out to his false accuser condign punishment,

But it is well for every body to be reto them to raise the means for whatever minded that jealousy is blind is even insane; and if Tilton's rash and vindictive conduct may be charged to this cause something must be allowed for the known other, in size, intelligence, and wealth uncontrollable cruelty of the green-eyed

#### FOREIGN CAPITAL.

An insensate cry against outside capital other. The latter does not receive enough has occasionally been uttered in this community. We know not who started it, but a little reflection will show that it must merly supplied by township (ax) must be have had its origin in ignorance and stu-

> It is the well known policy of governnatural resources and the construction of

The capital employed in any enterprise, or institution within the .own, in most in spent in making betterments on home propselves, or the residences of their reputed ing. owners, which have not been provided by outside capital. Would any one be willing or to carry on any legitimate business the investment here of foreign capital is inimical to the best interests of the town.

For ourselves we shall gladly welcome them, and the more the better.

#### ported in the public school far cheaper GAS, OR NO GAS? THAT IS THE QUESTION.

After the arduous and successful labors last year to secure the introduction of gas Clergyman, whose name we did not learn, into Bloomfield and Montclair, we suppos- conducted service and preached in the abed the question was set at rest forever, sence of the Rector. No one imagined that Bloomfield could so stultify itself, or could possibly be so blind to its reputation and interest as to suffer that question to be opened again. The action of the Council shows that we are indebted to certain honorable members of the Town Committee for a wonderful discovery in physics and locomotion, that the true philosophy of progress is to advance backward ! Their astuteness finds a fitting analogy in the nursery children who no sooner receive praise for the skilful block-house which they have constructed than they

tumble it down again.

Many, from the time of election last Spring, have had misgivings respecting the composition of the Town Committee, and general disappointment has been felt that half the year has gone, without anything definite and important being accomplished. and especially without the manifestation of any earnest sympathy with the spirit of improvement and progress. We are aware that this is due to the inveterate opposition of two or three members whose course has not sustained the hopes and confidence their friends invoked for them at the e lection. Is it not time for the more liberal and progressive members of the council to assert their independence and take action by the Town Committee. in the direction of progress forward? The people are taking note of the doings of their public servants, and they will not fail to know who are the truest friends of the town and most devoted to its rapid development and its enduring interests.

On the question of a new contract with our gas company for lighting the village Corryl, Chas. E. it will be perceived that the council present was equally divided, three members, Thomas Oakes, James Beach and Cornelius Fiske, Louise. Van Houten, voting against it, and three. SAM'L. J. POTTER, J. B. REFORD and JOHN SHERMAN, voting for it. Unfortunately. Mr. Richards was absent, or the matter would have have been favorably settled, as we are confident his vote in the affirmative would have saved the town from d's

The question will undoubtedly come un at the next meeting when we hope opposing members will have reconsidered their action and a upanimous vote of the Council set its seal to the greatest improvement but one, our town has chronicled since Gov. Bloomfield gave it its beautiful name

PERSONAL. - We have exceedingly re we are not sure that it was possible to pre. ness house of Holmes & Lisburger (our Mr. Samuel Holmes) has been obliged to the accuser and his associate, as well as succumb to the serious embarrasaments is it probable that the public would have brought upon them. Few Christian pulses or better judgment in the benevolent We have read Mr. Beecher's statement use of their wealth than Mr. Samuel attentively and the result in our mind is Holmes. He has the warmest sympathies an undoubting vindication of his purity of of his fellow citizens here and of all who

We regret that the pressure on our co have expected to find. But his weaknesses umns compels us to defer several interestseem to spring from the amiableness of his ing communications already in type. They

manly character.

# goodness of his heart. We are surprised HOME MATTERS.

#### BLOOMFIELD.

WEATHER CHRONICLE.

Range of Thermometer at Bloomfield Cen tr 13 14 15 16 17 18 19 At 6 A. M. 71º 680 68º 659 660 564 589

TOWN COUNCIL-BLOOMFIELD. Regular meeting, Aug. 14.

All present but Councilman Richards. The Road Committee having made a contract for the construction of a sidewalk on the eastern side of the Park, inside and next to the the lipe of posts which bound the grounds, it was resolved by the Council that, if the owners of property fronting 'Park Place," would agree to curb the new

in line with the trees. The Commisioners of Appeals in matter of taxes, having failed to qualify, within the required time, the Council appointed thrown out. They were all considerably the money required in other localities for R. N. Dodd, L. Cockefair and J. C. Beach bruised, and badly scared, but fortunately the purpose of building sites, will place you

said commissioners. The question of a new contract for lighting the street lamps another year coming up, it was stated by a member that the gas company had proposed to reduce the charge ferers, to \$3.75 per 1,000 feet. Whereupon Councilman Potter moved that the contract be given to them at that price. After somdiscussion the motion was put and lost by a tie vote as follows:

Yeas. - Potter. Sherman and Reford. Navs .- Oakes, Beach and Van Houten, The application for widening and defin ing the lines of Washington Avenue was duly presented. It was referred to the Counsellor of the board for examination. Adjourned

## OUR CHURCHES-BLOOMFIELD.

AT WESTMINSTER, Rev. Dr. Newlin of Orange Valley occupied the pulpit in the absence of the pastor.

AT BAPTIST CHURCH, the pastor, Rev. Dr. Stubbert, being still absent, the Rev. Dr. Patten of the Buptist Weekly, New tion, that they should offer to their child- and tools of a manufactory, in town, and York, preached in the morning, and Rev. Mr. Davis, as we are informed, in the even-

> AT METHODIST CHURCH the Rev. Mr. Spellmeyer absent on vacation, Rev. Mr. Allen, a local preacher from Newark, offi-

AT THE GERMAN CHURCH, Rev. J. M. Ensslin, the pastor, officiated at both ser-AT THE PRESBYTERIAN CHURCH, the

pastor, Rev. H. W. Ballantine, drew a full rouse and officiated at both services. The interest in this clergyman is not only unabated but increasing.

AT CHRIST CHURCH, (Episcopal), a

## NOTICE.

The RESTREET STAN VOTERS OF RI are hereby invited to meet at the Lecture Room of the Presbyterian Church, Monday, August 24, 1874, at 8 P. M., to elect 3 delegates to a State Convention, in the city of Trenton, on Thursday, Aug. 27, at 12 o'clock M. for the purpose of nominating a candidate for Governor, to be voted for at the election in Nov. next.

J. BANK REFORD. WALTER S. FREEMAN. HORACE DODD.

Committee.

Bloomfield, Aug. 27.

OFF FOR COLLEGE .- Mr. Lyman Page. son of our estimable fellow citizen, E. W. Page, Esq., left town on Tuesday for Hillsdale, Michigan, to enter upon his collegiate course at the celebrated Baptist Institution

will also improve the Park we think, es pecially if the posts are removed and a curb be substituted.

The required revision of the tax assess ment list has been commenced this week

# MONTCLAIR.

#### LIST OF LETTERS REMAINING UNCLAIMED at the Post Office

Montelair, N. J., Aug. 20, 1874. Burke, Thomas. Graham, James, Haight, Mr. King John. Blossom, T. M. Crane, Fredrick. Myres, Mrs. Mary Etts Miller, Richard M. Nichols, Rebecco, 5. Pope. C. C. Russell, Margaret. Speer, Mrs. Mary L. Dean, Mrs. Chauncey Flynn John. Ford, Miss Fannie Ward, Mary. Any person calling for the above letters wi

JOHN C. DOREMUS, P. M.

# TOWN COUNCIL-MONTCLAIR.

Tuesday, August 17. Town Committee met according to law t view the assessor's duplicates. All members present.

The committee having spent an evening during the past week with the assessor ex amining and reviewing his work for the pre sent year, being satisfied that the assessment was being fairly and equitably laid,

for this township as herewith presented by the assessor for the current year be and the same is hereby approved

Resolved, That parties owning land o the line of Park Street extension be notified that the said road must be opened by Dec. 1. 1874, and that if they so elect they will be sllowed the privilege of working such portions of the road as pass through their own property, and in the adjustment of benefits they will be credited for so doing with \$1.75 per lineal rod.

Bill of night patrol ordered paid. Bill of Jos, Carson for repair of roads

to August 15 amounts to \$224.87. Bill of Wm. Tichenor for work done at Poor House, \$45. Road Committee intrusted to arrange

for paving gutters on Gates ave e.

OUR CHURCHES -MONTCLAIR.

ST. LUER'S EPISCOPAL CHURCH.-Last Sunday Rev. Mr. Babcock, Rector of St. George's Church, Brooklyn, preached an interesting and able sermon. The Pastor conducted the services.

AT THE OTHER CHURCHES, -The respec tive pasters officiated. Attendance gen-

## VERONA-PEARL OF THE VALLEY

[From our Own Correspondent.]

In the absence of anything more important. I have to record a series of runaways Mrs. Camm and child, and the wife of ments. Come and look at what we have walk at their own cost, the line of post Theo. Corby and child, took fright while to offer, Mr. Capitalist and Speculator, and should be removed to the inside of the walk in the yard of Mr. Chas. Smith, and ran you that want homes in a quiet thriving carriage was turned over, and the occupants great cities, and see for yourselves that half tween said Prospect and Goldsmith avenue bonds to the village of Irvington for the were not seriously hurt. The carriage was in ownership of something that will please badly damaged. Drs. Personette and a refined taste and the possession of which Whitehorne went to the relief of the suf- will be a joy forever.

> The same day a horse took fright at the steam roller, near Leonard Corby's, ran off, For the Saturday Gazette. threw out the occupants (whose names I A SUNDAY VISIT TO THE HOUSE lid not learn) and well nigh demolished OF REFIGE, RANDALL'S ISLAND. horse and carriage. There were two gentlemen in the carriage when the accident occurred, one of whom was badly hurt Still another run-away. A horse and wagon of Mr. James Magar of Pleasant Valley, took fright in front of the blacksmith shop of Davenport & Son, and starting at almost lightning speed, when passing in front of the M. E Church colitded with a large rock, where he left part of the wagon, but flew homeward with the front whee's and harness

A telegraph is now being constructed from Newark through Verona, to the Penitentiary and Reform School. The Reform School has evidently fallen into competent hands. Mr. B. F. Howe, the Superintendent, seems to know just how to manage the material placed in his charge. By the way I incidentally learned the penitenciated in the morning; and in the evening tiary was put to its legitimate use a few days ago. One of the constables having occasion to arrest a man at Caldwell, and not knowing what to do with him, locked him up in one of the cells of the prison until he could dispose of him in some other way

Dr. Personette leaves this week for a tour of a fortnight in Northern New York. His close attention to business, entitles him to a brief respite, and we wish him a pleasant

The pulpit of the M. E. Church was filled last Sabbath by Rev. Thomas H. Jacobus of West End. Both sermons did honor to the preacher, who received his first license from this church. The family of Rev. E. V. King, after a visit of two months among relatives, in Pennsylvania, reached home on Tuesday. The parsonage of the M. E. Church is not yet finished, and the pastor and family are the guests of Mr. Wm. E.

The health of our village is all that could be desired.

#### For the Saturday Gazette BELLEVILLE AND MONTGOMERY

FRIEND LYON:-You inform your Belle ville correspondent through your columns. that his communications are three weeks overdue and that it is strange you cannot secure something valuable for the GAZETTE that shall be interesting to Bellevillians. Now if you knew Belleville as well as The new sidewalk on the East side of the your correspondent, you would not think it Park will be a decided improvement and so remarkable. All that can be written or said in praise of this town will never help its growth or prosperity. In fact the village is said by some folks to be finished, and that all it needs is a high board fence to enclose it, to prevent outsiders from ap proaching it. Although, if you will ride over some of the roads leading to this an cient town, you might perhaps think that all necessar means had been used to accomplish this object without resorting to the fence project.

Nothing but complaints are heard con cerning the fearful condition of the streets-While various schemes have been undertaken to improve their condition, none have been carried out successfully, and the last great effort has proved worse than anything we have had heretofore. Under the once famous commission, a little work was done, a few stones picked up in or spot and a certified of clay dropped in an other, but since the advent of "Ye City Fathers," absolutely nothing has been ac complished and a year has been altogether

There seems to be some great stumbling block in the path of improvement here which cannot be overcome: If any project is started that looks toward a better condition of things there' is sure to be just enough opposition to overthrow it. Whether it is because the leader; in these various schemes for improvements are not the proper parties to inaugurate them, I leave for others to answer. My own notion in this nature should not be forced upon the people, at least, until a majority of the resiattempt to dictate to the people of any town what they want, they may as a general rule expect to find considerable opposition. While much has been said and writ-Report of night patrol for month ending ten concerning Belleville, relating to the interests of the village proper, a very important portion of the township has been overlooked. The beautiful building sites for sale in Montgomery, should command the attention of those looking for a place to locate. No prettier little village can be ed and returned to eat her out of house found in all this section of New Jersey. Sit | and home in less than a week's time. nated half way between Belleville and

Bloomfield, upon the principal street, it combines the best features of both towns with many attributes peculiarly its own, wh le the price of building lots are on a much lower scale than any other section in 'An act this vicinity: quite large tracts of land suitable for building purposes are held here by Mr. Elias Osborn, James Moore, C. S. and others, any one of whom would probably sell at a reasonable price. The advantages of locating in this place are numer ous: the principal one in the eyes of many, being, the rapidity with which the price of lots would advance provided a proper start was made upon the right basis. What can on Monday last. About nine o'clock on possibly hinder this beautiful spot from Monday morning, a horse attached to a growing with Railroad tectifities equal to carriage of Mr. Stephen Camm, containing Bloomfield, and its other great induceoff. In passing out of the gard gate, the village free from the noise and fifth of the

BY A REGULAR CONTRIBUTOR

Ever since my good mother threatened o send me to a house of refuge for ungovernableness. I have had a strong curiosity to know something about an institution l came so near honoring with my incorrigible youth. Sunday last the opportunity presented itself and I eagerly embraced it.

Taking the little tug "Refuge" at the

toot of 119 h street, we steamed over to the Island, and ere we landed, could hear the voices of the children at their devotional exercises in the chapel. Entering the large, well ventilated hall, we were shown to an elevated platform intersected by the chaplin's desk, and so seated that the seven hundred boys and girls were at the complete mercy of our gaze. The boys were uniformily dressed in gray suits which. with their closely cropped heads, gave to the spectacle a sombre cast; while the alter the same at pleasure. girls had on striped calico dresses and white aprons. The boys were generally without shoes and stockings, and, aitogether, did not compare tavorably in their "get up" with the girls. Perhaps the comparison had a depressing effect on them for they did not enter into the exercises with the same gusto as the girls. The bour and a half were taken with the singing of many pieces and the reading of scripture and portions of Psalter with reprayer by the regular chaplain, Rev. Geo. H. Smith, who ended with a familiar discourse on the "Necessity of having an aim one teacher who knows just how to talk to the boys and girls in a manner that will both interest them and sow good healthy seeds in their hearts and minds, it was indeed a study for a physiognomist to have that sea of youthful faces before him. And while the features and settled expressions showed only too clearly the low origin and influences of the little unfortunates, their generally well-developed heads were proof of the kindly disposition of nature to give them an ample mental outfit with which to start life, Most all had fully developed fore heads, and amply developed superiorposterior regions of brain, where are sup posed to exist the faculties that when well developed, go to the making of good boys while the basilar portions in which the in repressible, ugly functions are thought t have their habitation, were not dispropor

tionately heavy. In fact I noticed only one really bad looking face and head among these buds of crime. This chap's head shelved down swiftly from the upper parietal suture to his ears, and this with a "villainously low forehead" and regular "hang-dog expression of countenance, together with sundry sly pinches of his neighbor's back and other devices for the annoyance of all within his reach, proved him to be a "bad 'un."

At my feet the chaplain's little girl. nicely dressed, was having free range from one end of the platform to the other, and many of the smaller children became so absorbed in her movements as to lose momen tarily the regulation expression, begotten by the constant surveillance, and to let steat from their eyes and find mute utterance in their tremulous lips, a yearning from their inmost souls for just such liberty and love and care as they felt that she

I must conjess that ever since, I hav been haunted by the silent appeals that shone unconsciously from the taces of some of those wee little fellows,

Talk of their being happy and content i but throwing the lie in the face of Nature. Content and happiness are to be found with a kind father and loving mother and comfortable home, and not in an institution where every childish action must square with some regulation or be declared punishable. That the Superintendent and assistants are kind and humane, admits matter is, that improvements of any public no doubt; but one cannot but reflect that they are simply children and have no lenient mother to steal to and neg and receive an extra slice of bread or cake, to make dents demand them. When two or three glad the hungry instinct that possesser every child at times and the gratification of which is a physiological necessity.

No, no, a mathematical distribution the eminent authority of Dr. So and so constitutes a sufficiency, and the little stomachs must silently question a philosophy that like most philosophies, transcends nature and common sense

Shades of my youthful bowels! This question of hunger, I can contain myself no longer to dwell on. And I hereby solemuly declare that if mother had put her threat into execution, I would have escap(BY AUTHORITY.)

# Laws of New Jersey.

CHAPTER OCCCXCV. n act to be porate "The Vittage of Ir vington," by the Township of Clinton,

and County of Resex.

1. Be it enacted be the Senate and Genral Assembly of the State of New Jersey Willet, George Harrison, Samuel Arthurs That all that part of the county of Essex contained within the following limits, to wit : beginning at a monament planted Montgomery avenue or Twentieth street. and at a corner in the division line be tween the city and township; thence run ning easterly along the boundary line be tween said city and township to a point midway between Nineteenth B and Twentieth streets; thence running southerly in a straight line between Nineteenth B and Nineteenth C. streets, and so as to run the xillage of Irvington midway between Nineteenth B and Nine 8 And be it enacted. That the village midway between Nineteenth B and Nineteenth C streets to a point on that line avenues; thence westerly and midway be thence northeasterly midway between Thirnatord boundary line to the line of the ity of Newark : and thence southerly along said city line to the place of beginknown as "The Village of Irvington. GENERAL RIGHTS.

2. And he it enacted, That all the in habitants of this state residing within such limits, and their successors are hereby concorporate, in fact and in law, by the n The Village of Irvington," and my that name shall and may have perpetual succession, and shall in addition to the taken as vacant. rights, privileges, and immunities granted and the duties and obligations imposed b this act, be entitled to all the rights, privi leges, and immunities conferred, and subject to all duties, restrictions and liabilities mposed by the laws of this state upon he inhabitants of the several townships thereof, so far as the same are consistent with the provisions of this act.

3. And be it enacted, That the said con poration by the said name of "The Village of Irvington," shall and may be capable of suing and being sued, pleading and being impleaded, answering and being answered unto, defended or being defended in all courts and places whatsoever, in all manner of suits and actions whatsoever; and shall and may have a common seal and

OFFICERS. 4. And be it enacted, That the officers of the said village shall be a president and end be known as the board of trustees; a village clerk, who shall be clerk of the the complaints that may be preferred board of trustees, and a village treasurer, against them. who shall severally be elected by bullet by the legal voters resident within the bounds aforesaid from the freeholders and legal voters resident within said bounds, and by a plurality of votes, and shall hold any breach of the peace, forthwith and office for one year, and when duly elected without any warrant or other process, to and qualified shall continue in office until others shall be elected or appointed in and to hear and determine the case of such of April next, which election shall be held in life." This was truly excellent in its ard conducted in the same manner, so far way, and proved that the State had at least as practicable as all other elections contemplated by this act; at that election the legal voters present before the voting begins shall elect from their own number a judge and clerk of election who shall act only at this election, but before they assum the duties of their office shall severally take and subscribe an oath or affirmation before some person authorized to take oaths or afficinations, faithfully and impartially to execute the duties of their respective

5. And be it enacted, That all elections for village officers after the first, shall be held annually on the first Monday in Apri in each year, at some place in said village designated by the "board of trustees and advertised by the village clerk for a least ten days previous thereto, by notices put up in five of the most public places in aid village; the polls shall open at three clock in the afternoon, and close at seven and one half in the afternoon, and said election shall be conducted by the village elerk and one judge of election, in th same manner prescribed by law for the election of officers in the township of Clin ton, but no ballot for the election of trustees shall have more than two names; returns of all elections of village officers shall be stated and signed by the judge thereof and attested under oath by the clerk and within forty-eight hours after the closing of the polls filed in the office of the village clerk; the said judge and clerk shall, within five days after such election, also file a copy of said return in the office of the clerk of the county; and the expenses of such elections shall be audited and pild by said board of trus-

and trustees shall not receive any compensation or emoluments for their services as such trustees, directly or indirectly and the other officers shall, in addition to the fees of the same officers in townships of this state, if any, receive such additional compensation at the board of trustees may from time to time designate by ordinance before any of the said officers or any office appointed by said board of trustees shall enter upon the duties of his office he shal take and subscribe an oath or affirmation before some person authorized to adminis er the same, that he will well and faithful ly execute the duties of his office to the best of his ability, skill, and understanding, which oath shall be filed in the office of the village clerk, and also in the office of the county clerk, within ten days after the election; in case a vacancy shall occur the word section in this act to be under-in the office of president or trustee, by stood as meaning a street, avenue or part reason of neglect or refusal to serve, rem trustees shall elect by a majority of their whole number, some person to fill the vacancy; and in case two or more vacan-cies in the office of president or trustees shall exist at the some time, a special election shall be ordered by the trustees for the purpose of filling the same, which special election shall be advertised and conducted in the same manner as the annual elections, 7. And be it enacted. That at the close

of such annual or special election the judge and clerk thereof shall proceed, without delay, to count the votes cast for the several candidates voted for in said election and shall make out, under their hands, a certificate of the result, and shall within the said board of trustees and they shall, either then or at their next meeting, pro- street or streets so improved;

eced in a public manner to canyass the number of votes even for the said several andidates; and the said board of trustees shall be the final judge in said canvass and shall ascertain and determine by a major ity of their whole number without any ap peal from their decision which of the said candidates shall have been elected to fill such office or offices; and in case of an equal number of votes having been given r two or more canditates for the same offire, the said-board of trustres shall, by ballot and by a majority of their whole by the commissioners to lay out streets in number, elect one of the said candidates the city of Newark on the westerly side of to fill said office; and the result of such canvass or election shall within five days. hereafter, be entered upon the record of the proceedings of said board of trustees and also be certified, under the hands of the president and village clerk, to the clerk of the court of common pleas of said county for preservation in the files of his ffice and also be posted in five places in

clerk and village treasurer before entering midway between Prospect and Goldsmith upon the duties of their respective offices shall severally make and execute their to a point on that line midway between true and faithful performance of their Thirty-ninth and Fortieth streets, and duties in such forms and for such sums and with such sufficient freehold securities ary line between South Orange and Clinton and require to the amount of not less than townships; thence northeasterly on the last twenty thousand dollars each; and the bonds so given, after having been approved by the board of trustees shall be filed in the office of the county clerk and may be ning be and the same is hereby formed into sued upon and prosecuted in the same a village corporate to be designated and manner or as nearly so as the circumstances will permit, or the bords of like officers are or may be under any other law or laws of this at te.

9 And be it enacted. That if any person elected or appointed to any such office stituted and continued a body politic and shall not qualify as required by law, within days after the canvass of his election or ofter his appointment by the board of trustres, his office shall be deemed and 10. And be it enacted. That the village

president shall be the chief executive offi

cer of the village, he shall, when present, preside at all the meetings of the board of trustees whenever he shall deem such meetnes to be necessary, or upon the written request of three of the trustees; he shall sign all declarations of the sale of lands and real estate for unpaid assessments, and all warrants for the withdrawal of moneys from the village treasurer, and all notes bonds or obligations to be given for the payment of money by the village; be hall at least once in each year, communicat to the board of trustees a general statement in writing of the situation and condition of the village in relation to its government, finances and improvements, deem proper; he shall be vigilant in causing the ordinances of the village to be enforced, and shall exercise a constant supervision over the acts and conduct of all subordinate officers, and examine into all

dent for the time being be and is hereby invested with all the powers of a police justice, and is authorized on witnessing commit the offender or offenders for a offender or offenders, and punish said offenhe, she or they may be punished or held to bail to answer; and in case of any riot, disturbance or disorderly assemblage, he shall have control of the constable or constables of the village, and have the right

11. And be it enacted, That the presi

to call upon the citizens for aid to quell the same and maintain the public peace. 12 And be it enacted. That in the event of the temporary absence from the vilage of the president the board of trustees shall have power to appoint from their own number an acting president, who shall, doring such alrence, be invested with all the power, and discharge all the duties of said

president.

13. And be it enacted. That the board of trustees shall hold an angual meeting within ten days after their election in each ear, and such other regular meetings as hey may from time to time appoint, and such special meetings as may be called by the president; such meetings shall always or open to the legal voters of the village; and in case the president or acting president shall be absent at any meeting, they choose one of their own pumber to preside pro tempore; three trustees shall constitute a quorum for the transaction of business, but any smaller number may adjourn from time to time; the trustees may adopt, alter and repeal by laws for their own government; in the failure of any trustee to attend the meetings of the board for two successive months, or more, the other trutees shall have power to declare his seat vacant and to fill the same as aforesaid ; said board shall make and post in five public places in said village at least one week before the annual election, a detailed state ment of their receipts and disbursaments (in tabulated form) during the preceding vidually, in addition to the powers and du-ties hereby conferred and imposed, shall 6. And be it enacted, That the president possess the powers and perform the duties which by law belong to or are imposed up on the members of township committees in the several townships of this state, so far as the same is consistent with the provis-

> ly, in any way, in any work or contract where the price or consideration thereof is o be paid from the village treasury. 14. And be it enacted. That the board of trustees shall have power to pass, alter and repeal from time to time, any and all such ordinances as they shall think proper for any or all of the following purposes to

one of this set, and no trustee or trustees

shall under any pretence whatsoever be al-

lowed to be interested, directly or indirect-

1. To lay out, open, widen or straighten any street, avenue, or section of the same, of the same bounded by two cross streets al from the village, or any other cause, the or avenues, or cause to be vacated any street or avenue already laid out; on application of the owners of the majority of the lineal feet on such street, avenue, or section of the same; and to take and appropriate for any such purposes, any lands and real estate, upon making compensapayment of damages as bereinsiter men

ioned and provided ; II Toorder and cause any street or ave sue (except such as are or shall be under the control of the Essex public road board) or any section of the sams, to be graded, graveled, macadamized or paved, or to be re-graded re-gravelled re-macadamized re-paved, or to be otherwise improved, on apthree days after such election, deliver said plication of the owners of the majority of certificates unto the village clerk; and, at the lineal feet on such street, avenue or secthe annual meeting of the board of trus- tion of the same; provided, the assessment tees, the said certificate shall be laid before for any or aff of such improvements shall he made on the lands fronting on any

